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CODE-A SUBJECT : PHYSICS & CHEMISTRY

**WEST BENGAL JOINT ENTRANCE EXAMINATION
(WBJEE) 2019**

Date: 26 May, 2019 | Duration: 2 Hours | Max. Marks: 100

:: IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS ::

1. This question paper contains all objective questions divided into three categories. Each question has four answer options given.
2. **Category-I** : Carry 1 marks each and only one option is correct. In case of incorrect answer or any combination of more than one answer, $\frac{1}{4}$ marks will be deducted.
3. **Category-II** : Carry 2 marks each and only one option is correct. In case of incorrect answer or any combination of more than one answer, $\frac{1}{2}$ marks will be deducted.
4. **Category-III** : Carry 2 marks each and one or more option(s) is/are correct. If all correct answers are not marked and also no incorrect answer is marked then score = $2 \times \text{number of correct answers marked} \div \text{actual number of correct answers}$. If any wrong option is marked or if any combination including a wrong option is marked, the answer will be considered wrong but there is no negative marking for the same and zero marks will be awarded.
5. Questions must be answered on, OMR sheet by darkening the appropriate bubble marked (A), (B), (C) or (D).
6. Use only Black/Blue ball point pen to mark the answer by complete filling up of the respective bubbles.
7. Mark the answers only in the space provided. Do not make any stray mark on the OMR.
8. Write question booklet number and your roll number carefully in the specified locations of the OMR. Also fill appropriate bubbles.
9. Write your name (in block letter), name of the examination centre and put your full signature in appropriate boxes in the OMR.
10. The OMRs will be processed by electronic means. Hence it is liable to become invalid if there is any mistake in the question booklet number or roll number entered or if there is any mistake in filling corresponding bubbles. Also it may become invalid if there is any discrepancy in the name of the candidate, name of the examination center or signature of the candidate vis-à-vis what is given in the candidate's admit card. The OMR may also become invalid due to folding or putting stray marks on it or any damage to it. The consequence of such invalidation due to incorrect marking or careless handling by the candidate will be sole responsibility of candidate.
11. Candidates are not allowed to carry any written or printed material, calculator, pen, docu-pen, log table, wristwatch, any communication device like mobile phones etc. inside the examination hall. Any candidate found with such items will be reported against & his/her candidature will be summarily cancelled.
12. Rough work must be done on the question paper itself. Additional blank pages are given in the question paper for rough work.
13. Hand over the OMR to the invigilator before leaving the Examination Hall.
14. This paper contains questions in both English and Bengali. Necessary care and precaution were taken while framing the Bengali version. However if any discrepancy(ies) is/are found between the two versions, the information provided in the English version will stand and will be treated as final.

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CHEMISTRY

Category - I (Q.41 to Q.70)

Carry 1 mark each and only one option is correct. In case of incorrect answer or nay combination of more than one answer, ¼ mark will be deducted.

41. The H–N–H angle in ammonia is 107.6°, while the H–P–H angle in phosphine is 93.5°. Relative to phosphine, the p-character of the lone pair on ammonia is expected to be
(A) Less (B) More (C) Same (D) Cannot be predicted

Ans. (A)

Sol. s-character increases, Bond angle increases
p-character increases, Bond angle decreases
Hence, p-character order : $\text{PH}_3 > \text{:NH}_3$
Bond angle order $\text{PH}_3 < \text{:NH}_3$

42. The reactive species in chlorine bleach is
(A) Cl_2O (B) OCl^- (C) ClO_2 (D) HCl

Ans. (B)

Sol. Chlorine bleach is CaOCl_2
its composition is Ca^{2+} , Cl^- , OCl^-

43. The conductivity measurement of a coordination compound of Cobalt (III) shows that it dissociates into 3 ions in solution. The compound is
(A) Hexaamminecobalt(III) chloride
(B) Pentaamminesulphatochbalt(III) chloride
(C) Pentaamminechloridochbalt(III) sulphate
(D) Pentaamminechloridochbalt(III) chloride

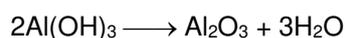
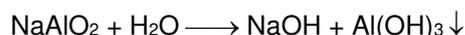
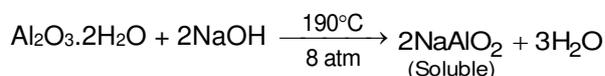
Ans. (D)

Sol. Pentaammine chloride cobalt (III) chloride
 $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_5\text{Cl}]\text{Cl}_2 \rightleftharpoons [\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_5\text{Cl}]^{+2} + 2\text{Cl}^-$
Gives 3 ions in aqueous solution

44. In the Bayer's process, the leaching of alumina is done by using
(A) Na_2CO_3 (B) NaOH (C) SiO_2 (D) CaO

Ans. (B)

Sol. Bayer's process : Used for leaching of red bauxite :



45. Which atomic species cannot be used as a nuclear fuel ?
(A) ${}_{92}^{233}\text{U}$ (B) ${}_{92}^{235}\text{U}$ (C) ${}_{94}^{239}\text{U}$ (D) ${}_{92}^{238}\text{U}$

Ans. (D)

Sol. ${}_{92}^{238}\text{U}$ isotope of uranium not participate in nuclear chain reaction.

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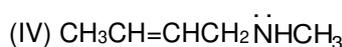
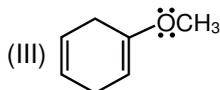
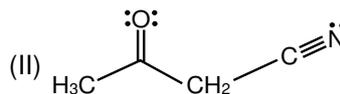
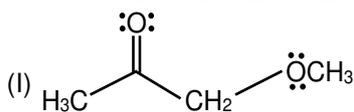
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46. The molecule/molecules that has/have delocalised lone pair(s) of electrons is/are



(A) I, II and III

(B) I, II and IV

(C) I and III

(D) only III

Ans. (D)

Sol. In , the lone pair of oxygen get delocalised on the π bond located on the next carbon.

47. The conformations of n-butane, commonly known as eclipsed, gauche and anti-conformations can be interconverted by

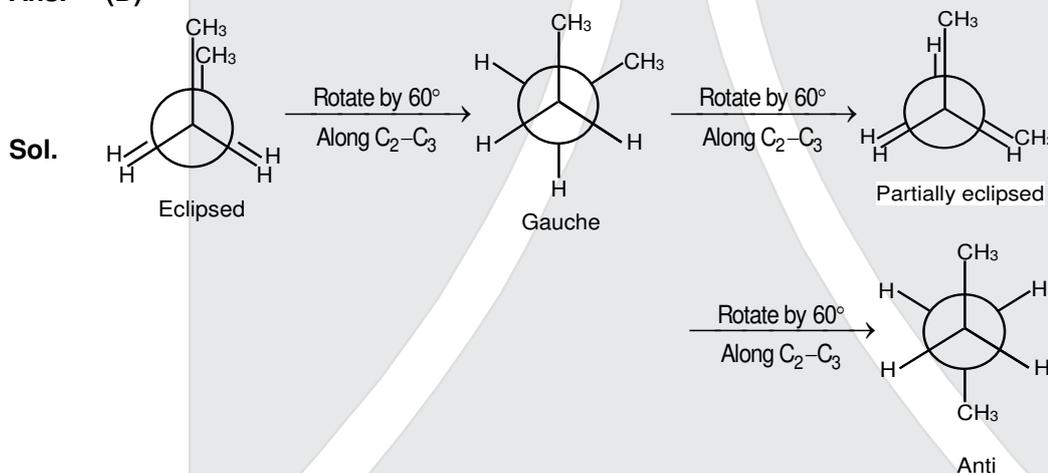
(A) rotation around C-H bond of a methyl group

(B) rotation around C-H bond of a methylene group

(C) rotation around C1-C2 linkage

(D) rotation around C2-C3 linkage

Ans. (D)



48. The correct order of the addition reaction rates of halogen acids with ethylene is

(A) hydrogen chloride > hydrogen bromide > hydrogen iodide

(B) hydrogen iodide > hydrogen bromide > hydrogen chloride

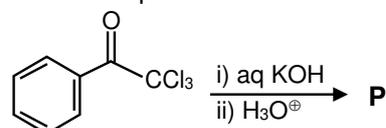
(C) hydrogen bromide > hydrogen chloride > hydrogen iodide

(D) hydrogen iodide > hydrogen chloride > hydrogen bromide

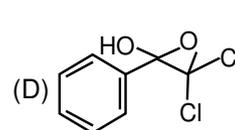
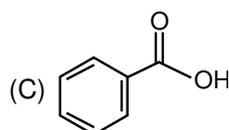
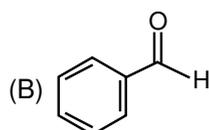
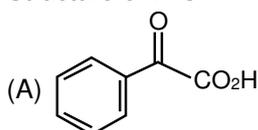
Ans. (B)

Sol. Hydrogen iodide > hydrogen bromide > hydrogen chloride

49. One of the products of the following reactions **P**.



Structure of **P** is



Ans. (C)

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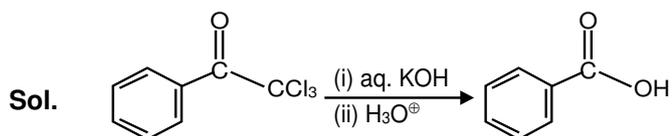
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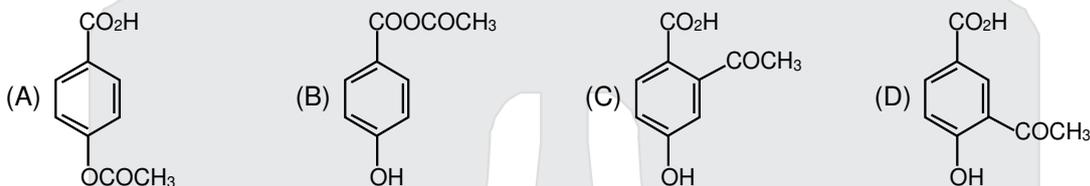
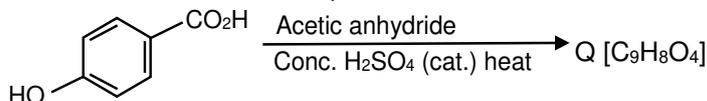
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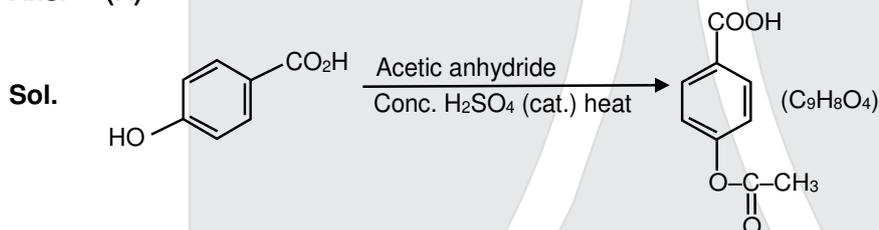
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50. For the reaction below, the product is **Q**.

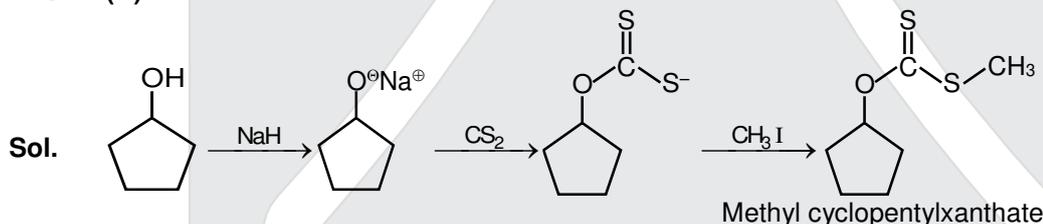


Ans. (A)



51. Cyclopentanol on reaction with NaH followed by CS₂ and CH₃I produces a/an
(A) ketone (B) alkene (C) ether (D) xanthate

Ans. (D)



52. The compound, which evolves carbon dioxide on treatment with aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate at 25°C, is

(A) C₆H₅OH (B) CH₃COCl (C) CH₃CONH₂ (D) CH₃COOC₂H₅

Ans. (A)

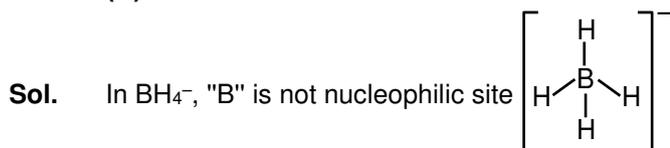
Sol. This question has not a direct answer. In aqueous NaHCO₃ solution some amount of OH⁻ is present, which hydrolyse the CH₃COCl to CH₃COOH. The CH₃COOH thus formed gives out CO₂ gas with sodium bicarbonate.

Note: Only Nitro-phenols gives out CO₂ with NaHCO₃, Not the phenol.

53. The indicated atom is not a nucleophilic site in

(A) BH₄⁻ (B) CH₃MgI (C) CH₃OH (D) CH₃NH₂

Ans. (A)



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54. The charge carried by 1 millimole of M^{n+} ions is 193 coulombs. The value of n is
(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4

Ans. (B)

Sol. Charge on 1 millimole M^{n+} ions = 193 cb = $\frac{n \times 96500}{1000}$

$$n = \frac{193 \times 1000}{96500} = 2$$

55. Which of the following mixtures will have the lowest pH at 298 K ?

- (A) 10 ml 0.05N CH_3COOH + 5 ml 0.1 N NH_4OH
(B) 5 ml 0.2N NH_4Cl + 5 ml 0.2 N NH_4OH
(C) 5 ml 0.1N CH_3COOH + 10 ml 0.05 N CH_3COONa
(D) 5 ml 0.1N CH_3COOH + 5 ml 0.1 N NaOH

Ans. (C)

Sol. (C) CH_3COOH + CH_3COONa
0.1N 5ml 0.05 N, 10ml
mili eq. (0.5) (0.5)

It is acidic buffer solution $\text{pH} = \text{pKa} + \log \frac{\text{CH}_3\text{COO}^-}{\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}}$

(pH = pKa) only
this solution will have lowest pH,

- (A) $\text{CH}_3\text{COOH} + \text{NH}_4\text{OH} \longrightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{COONH}_4$
0.05 N 0.1 N
10 ml 5 ml (WAWB Salt)
(0.5) (0.5) $[\text{Ph} = 7 - 1/2 \text{pKb} + 1/2 \text{pKa}] \approx 7$ [pKa = pKb]
- (B) $(\text{NH}_4\text{Cl} + \text{NH}_4\text{OH})$ Basic buffer solution
 $\text{POH} = \text{pKb} + \log \left(\frac{\text{CA}}{\text{B}} \right)$
PH > 7
- (D) $\text{CH}_3\text{COOH} + \text{NaOH} \longrightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{COONa}$
(WASB Salt)
(Ph = 7 + 1/2 PKb = 1/2 log C)
PH > 7

56. Consider the following two first order reactions occurring at 298 K with same initial concentration of A :

(1) $\text{A} \rightarrow \text{B}$: rate constant, $k = 0.693 \text{ min}^{-1}$

(2) $\text{A} \rightarrow \text{C}$: half - life, $t_{1/2} = 0.693 \text{ min}^{-1}$

Choose the correct option :

- (A) Reaction (1) is faster than Reaction (2).
(B) Reaction (1) is slower than Reaction (2).
(C) Both reaction proceed at the same rate.
(D) Since two different products are formed, rates cannot be compared.

Ans. (B)

Sol. For Ith order Reaction ; Rate constant $K = \frac{0.693}{t_{y_2}}$ and Rate = $K (A)^1$

For (I) Reaction = $K = 0.693 \text{ mint}^{-1}$

For (II) Reaction = $K = \frac{0.693}{t_{y_2}} = \frac{0.693}{0.693} = 1 \text{ Mint}^{-1}$

So, $K_I < K_{II}$
than Rate (I) < Rate (II)

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57. For the equilibrium $\text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell) \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{v})$, which of the following is correct ?
 (A) $\Delta G = 0, \Delta H < 0, \Delta S < 0$ (B) $\Delta G < 0, \Delta H > 0, \Delta S > 0$
 (C) $\Delta G > 0, \Delta H = 0, \Delta S > 0$ (D) $\Delta G = 0, \Delta H > 0, \Delta S > 0$

Ans. (D)

Sol. For equilibrium $\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g})$

$$\Delta G = 0,$$

$$\Delta H > 0 \text{ (+ive) endothermic}$$

$$\Delta S > 0 \text{ (+ive)}$$

$$\Delta S_{\text{sys}} = (nC_v \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1}) + nR \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1}$$

$$0$$

$$\Delta S_{\text{sys}} = nR \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} \text{ at constant temperature}$$

58. For a vander Waal's gas, the term $\left(\frac{ab}{v^2}\right)$ represents some

(A) Pressure (B) Energy (C) Critical density (D) Molar mass

Ans. (B)

Sol. Term $\frac{ab}{v^2}$ represent energy permole of gases.

$$\text{Unit of a (Vander wal's constant)} = \frac{\text{atmliter}^2}{\text{mole}^2}$$

$$\text{Unit of b (Vander wals's constant)} = \frac{\text{liter}}{\text{mole}}$$

$$V = \text{volume of gas per mole} = \frac{\text{liter}}{\text{mole}}$$

$$\text{So } \frac{ab}{v^2} \text{ (Unit)} = \frac{\text{atmliter}^2}{\text{mole}^2} \times \frac{\text{liter}}{\text{mole}} = \left(\frac{\text{atmliter}}{\text{mole}} \right) \left(\frac{\text{liter}}{\text{mole}} \right)$$

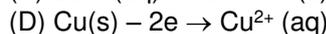
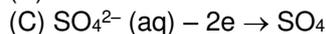
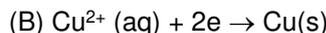
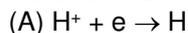
It is unit of energy per mole.

59. In the equilibrium $\text{H}_2 + \text{I}_2 \rightleftharpoons 2\text{HI}$, if at a given temperature the concentrations of the reactants are increased, the value of the equilibrium constant, K_c , will
 (A) Increase (B) Decrease
 (C) Remain the same (D) Cannot be predicted with certainty

Ans. (C)

Sol. Equilibrium constant not depend on concentration of reactant it is depended only on temperature

60. If electrolysis of aqueous CuSO_4 solution is carried out using Cu-electrodes, the reaction taking place at the anode is



Ans. (D)

Sol. On electrolysis of aqueous solution of CuSO_4 on using Cu-electrode. According to SOP values at anode.



So reaction carried out on anode, which have high SOP value.

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61. Which one of the following electronic arrangements is absurd?

- (A) $n = 3, \ell = 1, m = -1$ (B) $n = 3, \ell = 0, m = 0$
(C) $n = 2, \ell = 0, m = -1$ (D) $n = 2, \ell = 1, m = 0$

Ans. (C)

Sol. Quantum number set $n = 2, \ell = 0, m = -1$ it is not possible (not valid). (Value of $m \leq +\ell$ to $-\ell$)

62. The quantity $h\nu/k_B$ corresponds to

- (A) Wavelength (B) Velocity (C) Temperature (D) Angular momentum

Ans. (C)

Sol. $K \epsilon = \frac{3}{2} K_B T = h\nu$ (For photon)

(Partial form = wave form)

$$\frac{h\nu}{k_B} = \frac{3}{2} T \text{ (it represent temperature)}$$

63. In the crystalline solid $\text{MSO}_4 \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$ of molar mass 250 g mol^{-1} , the percentage of anhydrous salt is 64 by weight. The value of n is

- (A) 2 (B) 3 (C) 5 (D) 7

Ans. (C)

Sol. Mass of anhydrous MSO_4 salt = $250 \times \frac{64}{100} = 160 \text{ gm/mole}$

Total. Mass of H_2O is $\text{MSO}_4 \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O} = 250 - 160 = 90 \text{ gm/mole}$

$$\text{So value of } n = \frac{90}{18} = 5$$

64. At S.T.P. the volume of 7.5 g of a gas is 5.6 L. The gas is

- (A) NO (B) N_2O (C) CO (D) CO_2

Ans. (A)

Sol. At S.T.P weight of 5.6 L gas = 7.5 gm

$$\text{At S.T.P weight of } 22.4 \text{ L gas} = \frac{7.5}{5.6} \times 22.4$$

mol Mass of gas gas is (NO) = 30.0 gm/mole

65. The half – life period of ${}_{53}\text{I}^{125}$ is 60 days. The radioactivity after 180 days will be

- (A) 25 % (B) 12.5 % (C) 33.3 % (D) 3.0 %

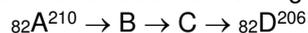
Ans. (B)

Sol. $t_{1/2} = 60$ days Radioactivity after t time $N_t = \frac{N_0}{(2)^n}$ and $n = \frac{t}{t_{1/2}}$

$$\text{So, } n = \frac{180}{60} = 3; N_t = \frac{N_0}{(2)^3} = \frac{N_0}{8} = 0.125 N_0$$

So Radioactivity after 180 days = 12.5%.

66. Consider the radioactive disintegration



The sequence of emission can be

- (A) β, β, β (B) α, α, β (C) β, β, γ (D) β, β, α

Ans. (D)

Sol. ${}_{82}\text{A}^{210} \xrightarrow{\beta} {}_{83}\text{B}^{210} \xrightarrow{\beta} {}_{84}\text{C}^{210} \xrightarrow{\alpha} {}_{82}\text{C}^{206}$



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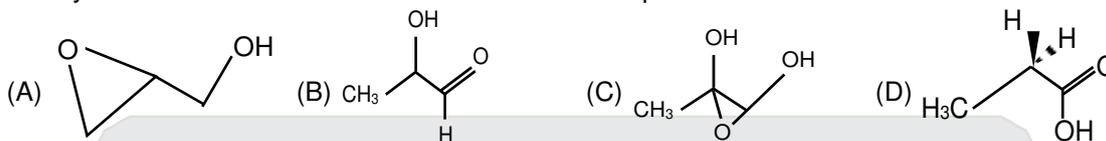
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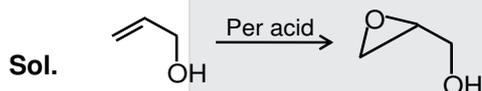
Category-II (Q.71 to Q75)

Carry 2 marks each and only one option is correct. In case of incorrect answer or any combination of more than one answer, ½ mark will be deducted.

71. Oxidation of allyl alcohol with a peracid gives a compound of molecular formula $C_3H_6O_2$, Which contains an asymmetric carbon atom. The structure of the compound is

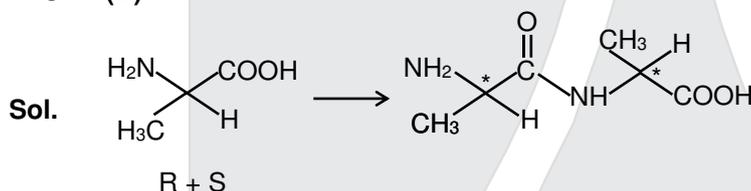


Ans. (A)



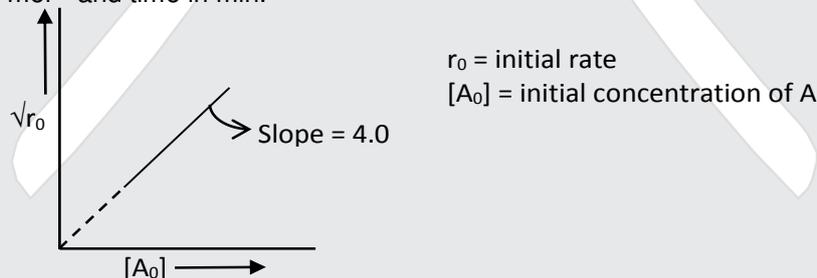
72. The total number of isomeric linear dipeptide which can be synthesized from racemic alanine is
(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4

Ans. (D)



Dipeptide has two chiral carbon and both side unsymmetrical hence RR, RS, SR and SS is possible.

73. The kinetic study of a reaction like $nA \rightarrow P$ at 300 K provides the following curve. Where concentration is taken in mol mol^{-3} and time in min.



- (A) $n = 0$, $k = 4.0 \text{ mol dm}^{-3} \text{ min}^{-1}$.
(B) $n = 1/2$, $k = 2.0 \text{ mol}^{1/2} \text{ dm}^{3/4} \text{ min}^{-1}$.
(C) $n = 1$, $k = 8.0 \text{ min}^{-1}$.
(D) $n = 2$, $k = 16.0 \text{ dm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1} \text{ min}^{-1}$.

Ans. (D)

Sol. Rate = $k(A)^n$
According to graph ($n = 2$)

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\text{Rate})^{1/2}}{(A)} = 4$$

$$k = \frac{\text{Rate}}{(A)^2} = (4)^2 = 16$$

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74. At constant pressure, the heat of formation of compound is not dependent on temperature, when
 (A) $\Delta C_p = 0$ (B) $\Delta C_v = 0$ (C) $\Delta C_p > 0$ (D) $\Delta C_p < 0$

Ans. (A)

Sol. For reaction: (According to Kirchhoff's equation)

$$\Delta H_2 = \Delta H_1 + \Delta C_p(\Delta T)$$

When $\Delta C_p = 0$

ΔH_f is not depends on temperature.

75. A copper coin was electroplated with Zn and then heated at high temperature until there is a change in colour. What will be the resulting colour?

(A) White (B) Black (C) Silver (D) Golden

Ans. (B)

Sol. If these coins are heated, the zinc will diffuse into the copper layer, producing a surface alloy of zinc and copper. These alloys are brasses. Copper also oxidizes when heated in air, producing a black layer of copper-oxide (CuO).

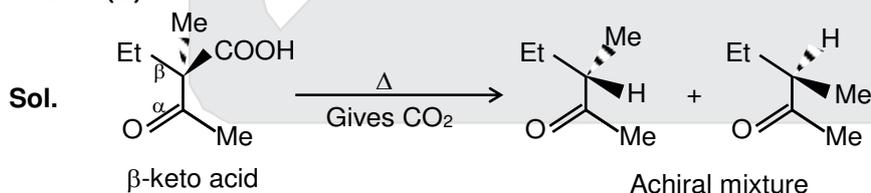
Category-III (Q.76 to Q.80)

Carry 2 marks each one or more option(s) is/are correct. If all correct answer are not marked and also no incorrect answer is marked then score = 2 × number of correct answer marked + actual number of correct answers. If any wrong option is marked or if any combination including a wrong option is marked, the answer will be considered wrong, but there is no negative marking for the same and zero mark will be awarded.

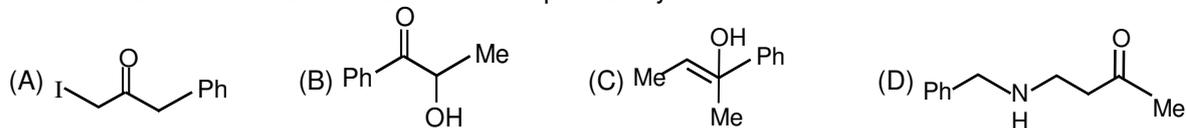
76. The compounds(s), capable of producing achiral compound on heating at 100°C is/are



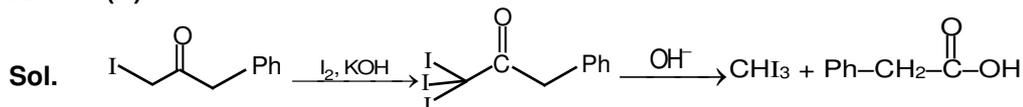
Ans. (C)



77. Haloform reaction with I_2 and KOH will be responded by



Ans. (A)



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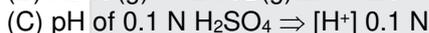
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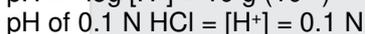
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78. Identify the correct statement(s):
 (A) The oxidation number of Cr in CrO_5 is +6.
 (B) $\Delta H > \Delta U$ for the reaction $\text{N}_2\text{O}_4(\text{g}) \rightarrow 2\text{NO}_2(\text{g})$. Provided both gases behave ideally.
 (C) pH of 0.1N H_2SO_4 is less than that of 0.1 N HCl at 25°C
 (D) $\left(\frac{RT}{F}\right) = 0.0591$ volt at 25°C.

Ans. (A,B)



$\text{pH} = -\log [\text{H}^+] = 10 \text{ g } (10^{-1})$



$\text{pH} = \log [\text{H}^+] = -\log(10^{-1}) = (1)$

(D) $\frac{RT}{F} = \frac{8.314 \times 298}{96500} = 0.256$

$\frac{2.303RT}{F} = \frac{2.303 \times 8.314 \times 298}{96500} = 0.0591$

79. Compounds with spin-only magnetic moment equivalent to five unpaired electrons are

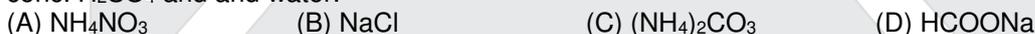


Ans. (B,C,D)

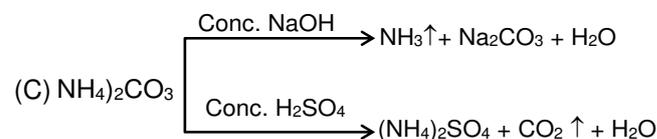
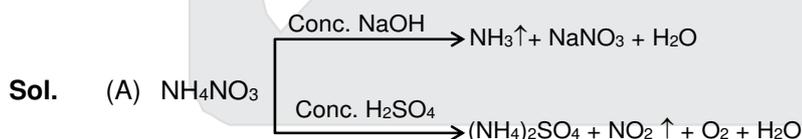
BCD complex shown spin only magnetic moment equivalent to 5 unpaired electrons.

- Sol. (A) $\text{K}_4[\text{Mn}(\text{CN})_6]$; $\text{Mn}^{+2} = 3d^5 4s^0$ (in octahedral complex)
 CN^- ; SFL $t_{2g}^{221} e_g^{00}$ (due to pairing of e^-)
 (B) $[\text{Fe}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]\text{Cl}_3$; $\text{Fe}^{+3} = 3d^5 4s^0$ H_2O ; WFL So $t_{2g}^{111} e_g^{11}$
 (C) $\text{K}_3[\text{FeF}_6]$; $\text{Fe}^{+3} = 3d^5 4s^0$ F^- ; WFL, So $t_{2g}^{111} e_g^{11}$
 (D) $\text{K}_4[\text{MnF}_6]$; $\text{Mn}^{+2} = 3d^5 4s^0$ F^- ; WFL, So $t_{2g}^{111} e_g^{11}$

80. Which of the following chemical may be used to identify three unlabelled beakers containing conc. NaOH, conc. H_2SO_4 and water.



Ans. (A,C)



NH_3 pungent smell gas, NO_2 brown coloured gas, CO_2 colourless, odourless gas (effervescence)
 NH_4NO_3 and $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{CO}_3$ not react with water.

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Classroom student
since class XI

AIR 70

Jatin Munjal

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Sukhmanjit Mann

Classroom student
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AIR 45

Utkarsh Agarwal

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AIR 4

Pawan Goyal

Classroom student
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Shashank Roy

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AIR Top - 5**

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**7 Students in
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