# AlIMS MBBS Entrance Test 2018 Examination Paper with Answer \& Solutions <br> <br> (BASED ON MEMORY RETENTION) 

 <br> <br> (BASED ON MEMORY RETENTION)}

Date : 26-05-2018 (Saturday) | Time : 3.00 pm-6.30 pm | Evening Session

## NOTE :-

1. Questions are collected from the appeared students.
2. The solutions are prepared by the expert faculty team of Resonance Pre-medical division, Kota.
3. Questions may not be in the order or sequence as asked in the actual examination paper.
4. The questions collected may not have all the options similar to the actual paper. Students are advised to see the question and answer / solutions.
5. Actual AllMS Paper has 200 questions but we have included only those many questions which have been collected from the students as per following table :-

| Subject | No. of Question in Actual <br> AlIMS Paper | No. of Question in this Paper |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physics | 60 | 40 |  |
| Chemistry | 60 | 45 |  |
| Biology | 60 | 47 |  |
| G.K. \& MAT | 20 | 149 |  |
| Total | 200 |  |  |

## PART - A (PHYSICS)

## Total Question (40)

1. Which of the following produces virtual image :
(1) Simple microscope
(2) Ordinary camera
(3) Projector
(4) Cinemascope

Ans. (1)
Sol. In simple microscope object is kept in between optical center and focus of the lens so it forms erect, enlarged and virtual image
2. What is the distance of centre of mass of a half ring from centre if the ring has radius $=0.5 \mathrm{~m}$. [XI]
(1) $\frac{1}{\pi}$
(2) $\frac{1}{3 \pi}$
(3) $\frac{2}{3 \pi}$
(4) $\frac{1}{2 \pi}$

Ans. (1)
Sol. Distance of center of mass of half ring from center

$$
y=\frac{2 R}{\pi}=\frac{2 \times 0.5}{\pi}=\frac{1}{\pi}
$$

3. A cart of mass 150 kg is pulled horizontally on a frictionless surface with force 10 N . If $100 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{s}$ sand is being dropped in the cart vertically then find the speed of the system when cart has 100 kg sand in it.
(1) $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
(2) $20 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
(3) $40 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
(4) $50 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$

Ans. (3)
Sol. $\quad F-\mu v=m \frac{d v}{d t}$
here $m=m_{0}+\mu t$
$\int_{0}^{t} \frac{d t}{m_{0}+\mu t}=\int_{0}^{v} \frac{d v}{F-\mu v}$
$\ell n\left|1+\frac{\mu t}{m_{0}}\right|=-\ell n\left|1-\frac{\mu v}{F}\right|$
$v=\frac{F t}{m_{0}+\mu t}$
Now, $F=10 \mathrm{~N}, \mathrm{M}_{0}=150 \mathrm{~kg}, \quad \mu=100 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{s}=0.1 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{s}, \quad \mathrm{t}=1000 \mathrm{~s}$
$v=\frac{10 \times 1000}{150+100}$
$\mathrm{v}=40 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
4. A needle of length $\ell \mathrm{m}$ and mass m kg is placed horizontally on water surface having surface tension $T$. Find $T$ in terms of $m, \ell$. ( $g$ acceleration due to gravity)
(1) $\mathrm{T}=\frac{\mathrm{mg}}{2 \ell}$
(2) $\mathrm{T}=\frac{\mathrm{mg}}{\ell}$
(3) $\mathrm{T}=\frac{3 \mathrm{mg}}{2 \ell}$
(4) $T=\frac{m}{2 \ell}$

Ans. (1)

## $2 T \cos \theta$

Sol.

$2 T \cos \theta=m g$
$\mathrm{T}=\frac{\mathrm{mg}}{2 \cos \theta}$
$\theta$ is very small
$\mathrm{T}=\frac{\mathrm{mg}}{2 \ell}$
5. An infinite wire having charge density $\lambda=10 \mathrm{nC} / \mathrm{m}$ is moving along its axis with speed $100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. Find magnetic field at a distance 4 cm perpendicular to wire.
Sol. $B=\frac{\mu_{0} I}{2 \pi d}$
$B=\frac{\mu_{0} \cdot d Q}{2 \pi \mathrm{~d} \cdot \mathrm{dt}}=\frac{\mu_{0} \lambda \mathrm{dx}}{2 \pi \mathrm{~d} \cdot \mathrm{dt}}=\frac{\mu_{0} \lambda v}{2 \pi \mathrm{~d}}$.
$=\frac{4 \pi \times 10^{-7} \times 10 \times 10^{-9} \times 100}{2 \pi \times 4 \times 10^{-2}}=5 \times 10^{-12} \mathrm{~T}$
6. In a series RC circuit having battery of 12 V , capacitor is charged from 0 to 6 V in 0.1 s . Find value of resistance R.
Sol. $\quad \mathrm{V}=\mathrm{V}_{0}\left[1-\mathrm{e}^{-t / \tau}\right]$
$6=12\left[1-e^{-0.1 / \tau}\right]$
$\mathrm{e}^{0.1 / \tau}=2$
$\frac{0.1}{\tau}=\ln (2)$
$R_{C}=\frac{0.1}{\ell n(2)}$
$R=\frac{0.1}{\mathrm{C} \ell \mathrm{n}(2)}$
7. A unpolarised light is passed through 3 polarisers. If the second polariser is at an angle $30^{\circ}$ with the first and the third polariser is at an angle $60^{\circ}$ with the second. Find the final intensity of the light passed through this combination if initial intensity was I.
Sol. After passing through first polarizer $\mathrm{I}=\frac{\mathrm{I}_{0}}{2}$
After second polarizer $I=\frac{I_{0}}{2} \cos ^{2}\left(30^{\circ}\right)=\frac{3}{8} I_{0}$
After third polarizer $\mathrm{I}=\frac{3 \mathrm{I}_{0}}{8} \cos ^{2}\left(60^{\circ}\right)=\frac{3 \mathrm{I}_{0}}{32}$
So final intensity $=\frac{3 \mathrm{I}_{0}}{32}$
8. If intensity in YDSE is $50 \%$ of maximum at a point. Calculate the path difference.

Sol. $\quad I=I_{0} \cos ^{2}\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right)$
$\frac{\mathrm{I}_{0}}{2}=\mathrm{I}_{0} \cos ^{2}\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right), \phi=\frac{\pi}{2}$
$\frac{2 \pi}{\lambda} . \Delta x=\frac{\pi}{2}$
$\Delta \mathrm{x}=\frac{\lambda}{4}$
9. A wire of length 3 cm has current 1 amp . Find magnetic field at a perpendicular distance 1 cm from centre of wire.
(1)
(2)
(3)
(4)

Sol.
$B=\frac{\mu_{0} \mathrm{I}}{4 \pi \mathrm{~d}}\left[\sin \phi_{1}+\sin \phi_{2}\right] ; \phi_{1}=\phi_{2}=\phi$
$B=\frac{\mu_{0} I}{2 \pi d} \cdot \sin \phi$
$B=\frac{4 \pi \times 10^{-7}}{2 \pi \times 10^{-2}} \frac{1.5}{\sqrt{3.25}}$
$B=1.67 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{~T}$
10. What is the maximum wavelength for Balmer series in H atom.

Sol. For maximum wave length of Balmer series
$\mathrm{n}_{2}=3 ; \mathrm{n}_{1}=2$
$\frac{1}{\lambda}=$ R. $(1)^{2}\left[\frac{1}{4}-\frac{1}{9}\right]$
On solving $\lambda=6566.4$ A $^{\circ}$
11. What is the velocity of electron in second orbital of $\mathrm{He}^{+}$ion.

Sol. $V=\frac{2 \pi^{2} K m e^{2}}{h} \cdot \frac{z}{n}$
$\mathrm{V}=2.18 \times 10^{6} \times \frac{\mathrm{z}}{\mathrm{n}}$
$\mathrm{V}=2.18 \times 10^{6} \times \frac{2}{2}=2.18 \times 10^{6} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$
12. A man (mass $=50 \mathrm{~kg}$ ) is in an elevator with is moving with acceleration $0.49 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ upwards. Find normal reaction exerted by man on floor of the elevator.
(1) 214.5 N
(2) 314.5 N
(3) 414.5 N
(4) 514.5 N

Ans. (4)

Sol.

$\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{mg}=\mathrm{ma}$
$\mathrm{N}-(50 \times 9.8)=(50 \times 0.49)$
$N=514.5$ Newton
13. If the block moves up with constant velocity $\mathrm{v} \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$. Find F .

(1) $F=\frac{m g}{2}$
(2) $F=\frac{2 m g}{3}$
(3) $F=\frac{m g}{3}$
(4) $F=\frac{m}{3}$

Ans. (3)

Sol.

$3 F=m g$
$F=\frac{m g}{3}$
14. A solid non-conducting cylinder of radius $R$ is charge such that volume charge density is proportional to $r$ where $r$ is distance from axis. The electric field $E$ at a distance $r(r<R)$ will depend on $r$ as.
Sol.

$\mathrm{E} .2 \pi \mathrm{r} \ell=\frac{\int \alpha \mathrm{r} .2 \pi \ell . \mathrm{dr}}{\varepsilon_{0}}$
$E \alpha r^{2}$
15. If an inductor of inductance $L$, radius $r$, current changes from $I_{1}$ to $I_{2}$. Find work done.

Sol. $W=\Delta u$
$W=\frac{1}{2} L I_{2}^{2}-\frac{1}{2} L I_{1}^{2}$
$=\frac{1}{2} L\left(I_{2}^{2}-I_{1}^{2}\right)$
16. If current in diode is five times that in $R_{1}$. Breakdown voltage of diode is 6 volt.

Find $R=$ ?


Sol. Current in zero diode is 5 times.
So total current drawn from battery $=6 \mathrm{~mA}+30 \mathrm{~mA}=36 \mathrm{~mA}$
Potential difference Across $R=24$ volt
So $V=I R \quad 24=36 \times 10^{-3} R ; R=2000 / 3 \Omega$
17. What is the out put of the given logic gate

(1) A.B
(2) $\bar{A} \cdot \bar{B}$
(3) $\bar{A}+\bar{B}$
(4) $A+B$

Ans. (4)
Sol. it is OR gate
18. Find the distance of image from convex lens.

(1)
24 cm
(2) 20 cm
(3) 4 cm
(4) None of these

Ans. (3)
Sol. for convex lens
$\frac{1}{v}-\left(\frac{1}{-20}\right)=\frac{1}{40}$
$V=-40 \mathrm{~cm}$
For concave lens $u=-60 \mathrm{~cm}$
$\frac{1}{v}-\left(\frac{1}{-60}\right)=\frac{1}{-40}$
$\mathrm{v}=-24 \mathrm{~cm}$ from concave lens
So from convex lens image is at $24-(20)=4 \mathrm{~cm}$
19. Range of the ammeter is 5 ampere and full scale deflection current is $0.5 \mu \mathrm{~A}$. If resistance of galvanometer is $50 \Omega$ then find shunt resistance.


Sol. $\quad S=\frac{I_{g} \cdot G}{I-I_{g}}$
$S=\frac{5 \times 10^{-7} \times 50}{5-\left(5 \times 10^{-7}\right)}=5 \times 10^{-6} \Omega$
20. Electric field inside the capacitor is $100 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$ and dielectric constant $=5.5$. What is the polarization?

Sol. $\quad \varepsilon_{r}=1+x$
$X=4.5$
$\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{X} . \mathrm{E}$
$P=4.5 \times 100$
$P=450$
21. An infinite large sheet has charge density $\sigma \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ Find electric field at a distance d perpendicular to the sheet.
(1) $\mathrm{E}=\frac{\sigma}{2 \varepsilon_{0}}$
(2) $\mathrm{E}=\frac{\sigma}{\varepsilon_{0}}$
(3) $\quad \mathrm{E}=\frac{2 \sigma}{\varepsilon_{0}}$
(4) None of these

Ans. (1)
Sol. $E=\frac{\sigma}{2 \varepsilon_{0}}$ it does not depend on $d$.
22. A satellite which is revolving around earth has minimum distance from earth equal to $r_{1}$ and maximum distance equal to $r_{2}$ then time period of the satellite will be ?
Sol. $2 a=r_{1}+r_{2}$
$a=\frac{r_{1}+r_{2}}{2}$
$\mathrm{T}=\frac{2 \pi(\mathrm{a})^{3 / 2}}{\sqrt{\mathrm{Gm}}}$
$T=\frac{2 \pi\left(\frac{r_{1}+r_{2}}{2}\right)^{3 / 2}}{\sqrt{G m}}$
23. A particle performing SHM with angular frequency $\omega=5000$ radian/second and amplitude $A=2 \mathrm{~cm}$ and mass of 1 kg . Find the total energy of oscillation.
(1) 2 kJ
(2) 5 kJ
(3) 7 kJ
(4) 15 kJ

Ans. (2)
Sol. $E=\frac{1}{2} m \omega^{2} A^{2}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{1}{2} \times 1 \times 25 \times 10^{6} \times 4 \times 10^{-4} \\
& =50 \times 10^{2}=5 \mathrm{~kJ}
\end{aligned}
$$

24. A diatomic gas which has initial volume of 10 liter is isothermally compressed to $1 / 15^{\text {th }}$ of its original volume where initial pressure is $10^{5}$ Pascal. If temperature is $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ then find the work done by gas.
(1) $-2.70 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~J}$
(2) $2.70 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~J}$
(3) $-1.35 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~J}$
(4) $1.35 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~J}$

Ans. (1)
Sol. $w=n R T \ln \left(\frac{v_{2}}{v_{1}}\right)$
$w=P_{0} V_{0} \ln \left(\frac{v_{2}}{v_{1}}\right)$
$w=10^{5} \times 10 \times 10^{-3} \ell \mathrm{n}\left(\frac{1}{15}\right)$
$w=-2.70 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~J}$

## Pre-Medical Division Campus:

25. For given CE biasing circuit, if voltage across collector-emitter is 12 V and current gain is 100 and base current is 0.04 mA then determine the value collector resistance Rc.


Sol. $\quad \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CE}}=12$ volt
$\beta=\frac{i_{c}}{i_{b}}=100$
$\mathrm{i}_{\mathrm{c}}=100 \times 0.04 \times 10^{-3}$
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CE}}+\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{C}}$
$20=12+4 \times 10^{-3} \times R_{c}$
$R=2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$
26. In a common emitter (CE) amplifier having a voltage gain $G$, the transistor used has transconductance 0.03 mho and current gain 25. If the above transistor is replaced with another one with transconductance 0.02 mho and current gain 20, the voltage gain will be :

Sol. $\quad A_{v}=\beta \frac{R_{\text {out }}}{R_{\text {in }}} \Rightarrow G=25 \frac{R_{\text {out }}}{R_{1}}$
$G_{m}=\frac{\beta}{R_{1}} \Rightarrow R_{1}=\frac{\beta}{G_{m}}=\frac{25}{0.03}$
$G=25 \frac{R_{\text {out }}}{25} \times 0.03$
$G^{\prime}=20 \frac{R_{\text {out }}}{20} \times 0.02$
$G^{\prime}=\frac{2}{3} G$
27. How many minimum NAND GATES are required for obtaining an output of $A \cdot B+C . D$ ?

Ans 3

Sol.

28. In a solenoid number of turns are $N$ and a current I is passing through it. If diameter of the solenoid is D. Find out the energy per unit length in the solenoid.

Sol. Energy density $E=\frac{B^{2}}{2 \mu_{0}}$
$\mathrm{B}=\frac{\mu_{0} \mathrm{NI}}{\ell}$
Energy per meter $=$ Energy density $\times$ Area
29. Assertion: Linear momentum of a planet does not remain conserved.

Reason: Gravitational force acts on it.
(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
(3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
(4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (1)
30. Assertion: In throttling, temperature remains constant.

Reason: Throttling is isothermal.
(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
(3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
(4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (4)
31. Assertion: Energy of an isolated particles system is constant.

Reason: Isolated system do not allow exchange of energy
(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
(3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
(4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (4)
32. Assertion: A satellite is orbiting around a planet then its angular momentum is conserved.

Reason: Linear momentum conservation leads to angular momentum conservation.
(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
(3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
(4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (3)
33. Assertion: $\vec{E}=E_{x} \hat{i}+E_{y} \hat{j}+E_{z} \hat{k}, \quad \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{E}=0$

Reason: $\mathrm{E}_{x}, \mathrm{E}_{y}, \mathrm{E}_{z}$ is independent.
(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
(3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
(4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (1)
34. Assertion : Electric field inside a conductor is 0.

Reason: Charge is present on surface of conductor.
(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
(3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
(4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (1)
35. Assertion : A string wave traveling towards a free end changes its direction of motion but phase remains constant after reflection.
Reason : When string wave reaches the free end there is no medium present in front of it.
(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
(3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
(4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (1)
36. Assertion : Magnetic field do not work on moving charge

Reason : Magnetic field do not provide acceleration to charge.
(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
(3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
(4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (3)
37. Assertion : Heart can be assumed as electric dipole.

Reason : Its ELOF are just same like a normal dipole.
(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
(3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
(4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (1)
38. Assertion : When we jump from height then maximum possibilities to get hurt is at foot.

Reason : Maximum force is exerted on foot.
(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
(3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
(4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (1)
39. Assertion : Sky is maximum red in morning

Reason : Smallest wavelength scatter maximum
(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
(3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
(4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (1)
40. Assertion : Bernoulli's theorem is applicable only on laminar flow.

Reason : Laminar flow is consider to be non viscous.
(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
(3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
(4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (4)

## PART - A (CHEMISTRY)

41. 


(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)


Ans. (2)
42.

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)


Ans. (1)
43.

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)


Ans. (2)
44.

(1) 5-Hydroxy cyclohex-3-en-1-one
(2) 3-Hydroxy cyclohex-5-en-1-one
(3) 8-Hydroxy cyclohex-3-en-1-one
(1) 7-Hydroxy cyclohex-5-en-1-one

Ans. (1)

Sol.

45. Reactivity order for SN1

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

(iv)
(1) I $>$ ii $>$ iii $>$ iv
(2) ii $>$ I $>$ iii $>$ iv
(3) iii $>$ ii $>$ i $>$ iv
(4) iv $>$ iii $>$ ii $>$ i

Ans. (2)
Sol. Rate of SN1 $\alpha$ stability of carbocation

$$
\alpha+\mathrm{l},+\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{HC} \text { effect }
$$

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

(iv) $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{Cl} \longrightarrow \mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}{ }^{+}$
46. Which is incorrect
(1) Novestrol - Antifertility
(2) Serotonine - Tranquilizer
(3) Narrow spectrum - Chloromphenicol
(4) Rentac- antacid

Ans. (2)
47. Ideal gas mole expand isothermally reversibly 2 lt. to 4 lt and same gas 3 mole expand from 2 It. to $x$ It and doing same work, what is ' $x$ '
(1) $(8)^{\frac{1}{3}}$
(2) $(4)^{\frac{2}{3}}$
(3) 2
(4) 4 It

Ans. (2)
Sol. $w=n R T \ln \frac{V_{2}}{V_{1}}$
$R T \ln \frac{4}{2}=3 R T \ln \frac{x}{2}$
$\ln 2=\ln \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^{3}$
$x^{3}=16$
$x=(16)^{\frac{1}{3}}=4^{\frac{2}{3}}$
48. Which gas use in cooling tube in MRI tube ?
(1) He
(2) Ar
(3) $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
(4) $\mathrm{N}_{2}$

Ans. (2)
Sol. He gas use as colling agent in super conducting magnet.
49. It first order reaction $80 \%$ reaction complete in 60 minute, What is $t_{\frac{1}{2}}$ of reaction
(1) 30 min
(2) 42 min
(3) 25.72 min
(4) 14.28 min

Ans. (2)
Sol. $\frac{t}{t^{\frac{1}{2}}}=\frac{\ln \frac{C_{0}}{t_{t}}}{\ln 2} \quad \frac{60}{t^{\frac{1}{2}}}=\frac{\log \frac{100}{20}}{\log 2}$
50. A gas metal in bivalent state have approximately $23 \mathrm{e}^{-}$what is spin magnetic moment in elemental state
(1) 2.87
(2) 5.5
(3) 5.9
(4) 4.9

Ans. (3)
Sol. $\mathrm{M}^{+2} \rightarrow \quad \rightarrow \quad 23 \mathrm{e}^{-}$
$\mathrm{M} \quad \rightarrow \quad 25 \mathrm{e}^{-} \quad$ (It should be $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}$ )
$3 d^{5} 4 \mathrm{~s}^{2} \quad \mu=\sqrt{5(5+2)}=\sqrt{35}=59$
51.
(1)

(2)

(3) $\mathrm{Ph}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{Cl})-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$
(4) None of these

Asn. (2)
Sol.

$\mathrm{Na} / \mathrm{NH}_{3}(\mathrm{I})$ this is Birch reduction reduce only alkyne into trans alkene and $\mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{h}$ v is free radical substitution reaction
52.

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)


Ans. (1)

Sol.

$\alpha$-Halogenation of carbonyl compound by $\mathrm{Br}_{2}$ in presence of alkali medium
53.

$\xrightarrow{\mathrm{H}_{2} / \mathrm{Pd}}$ No. of stereoisomerism.
(1) 2
(2) 4
(3) 8
(4) 6

Ans. (1)
Sol.


Total number of stereo isomer $=2$
54. Order nucleophilicity
(i) $\mathrm{OH}^{-}$
(ii) $\mathrm{HS}^{-}$
(iii) $\mathrm{Ph}-\mathrm{O}^{-}$
(iv) $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5}-\mathrm{O}^{-}$
(1) i $>$ ii $>$ iii $>$ iv
(2) ii $>$ iv $>$ i $>$ iii
(3) ii $>$ iii $>$ i $>$ iv
(4) iii $>$ iv $>$ i $>$ ii

Asn. (2)
Sol. Order of nucleophilicity

$$
\mathrm{OH}^{-}, \mathrm{HS}^{-}, \mathrm{Ph}-\mathrm{O}^{-}, \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{O}^{-}=\mathrm{HS}^{-}>\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{O}^{-}>\mathrm{OH}^{-}>\mathrm{Ph}-\mathrm{O}^{-}
$$

On increasing delocalization of $e^{-}$nucleophilicity decrease
55. Structure of Guanine is
(1)

(2)

(3)

(4) None

Asn. (1)
56. $\mathrm{Cr}^{+3}$ in aquous medium form green coloured complex with $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ ligand. How many ligand associated
(1) 3
(2) 4
(3) 5
(4) 6

Ans. (4)
Sol. $\left[\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{+3}+6 \mathrm{NH}_{3} \mathrm{~S} \longrightarrow\left[\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{6}\right]^{+3}=+6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

$$
\mathrm{Cr}^{+3} \text { show six C.N. with } \mathrm{NH}_{3}
$$

57. Which molecule pair do not have identical structure
(1) $\mathrm{I}_{3}^{-}, \mathrm{BeF}_{2}$
(2) $\mathrm{HClO}, \mathrm{SO}_{2}$
(3) $\mathrm{BF}_{3}, \mathrm{ICl}_{3}$
(4) $\mathrm{BrF}_{4}^{-}, \mathrm{XeF}_{4}$

Asn. (3)
Sol. $\mathrm{BF}_{3} \longrightarrow$ trigonal planer
$\mathrm{ICl}_{3} \longrightarrow \mathrm{~T}$ shape
58. Which process use in smelting during metallurgy of coper
(1) Self reduction of copper
(2) $\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ is converted into $\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
(3) FeS convert into FeO
(4) Reduction of Fe

Ans. (3)
Sol. Smelting of Cu result in slag formation and matle formation

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{FeS}+\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{O} \longrightarrow \mathrm{FeO}+\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{~S} \\
& \mathrm{FCO}+\mathrm{SiO}_{2} \longrightarrow \mathrm{FeSiO}_{3} \text { (slage) }
\end{aligned}
$$

59. Which of following factor always increases for spontaneous process
(1) $\Delta S$
(2) $\Delta \mathrm{H}$
(3) $\Delta \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{T} \Delta \mathrm{S}$
(4) $\Delta S-\frac{\Delta H}{T}$

Ans. (4)
Sol. $-\frac{\Delta G}{T}=\Delta S_{\text {total }}=\Delta S-\frac{\Delta H}{T}$
= entropy of universe increases
60. In acidic medium which of the following does not change its colour:
(1) $\mathrm{MnO}_{4}^{-}$
(2) $\mathrm{MnO}_{4}^{2-}$
(3) $\mathrm{CrO}_{4}^{2-}$
(4) $\mathrm{FeO}_{4}^{2-}$

Ans. (1)
Sol. $\mathrm{MnO}_{4}^{-}$stable in acidic medium
$\mathrm{MnO}_{4}^{2-}$ disproportionate
$\mathrm{CrO}_{4}^{2-}$ Convert into $\mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}^{2-}$ and $\mathrm{FeO}_{4}^{2-}$ decompose
61. 1 gm of polymer having molar mass $1,60,000 \mathrm{gm}$ dissolve in 800 ml water, so calculate osmotic pressure in pascal at $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(R=8.314 \mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{K}$ mole $)$
(1) 0.78
(2) 0.90
(3) 0.50
(4) 1.20

Asn. (1)
Sol. $\quad \pi=\mathrm{CRT}$

$$
\pi=\frac{1}{1.6 \times 10^{5}} \times \frac{8.314 \times 300}{800 \times 10^{-6}}=0.78
$$

62. $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}$ does not decompose where :
(1) U.V. radiation
(2) Skin (human)
(3) Water $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(4) Glucose

Ans. (3)
Sol. $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3} \longrightarrow \mathrm{Ag}$ not decompose by $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ at room temp. but reduce to silver in presence of light and reducing agent like glucose
63. What is maximum wavelength of line of Balmer series of Hydrogen spectrum $\left(R=1.09 \times 10^{7} \mathrm{~m}^{-1}\right)$ :
(1) 400 nm
(2) 654 nm
(3) 486 nm
(4) 434 nm

Ans. (2)

$$
\frac{1}{\lambda}=1.09 \times 10^{7} \times 1^{2}\left(\frac{1}{2^{2}}-\frac{1}{3^{2}}\right) \quad(\text { transition } 3 \rightarrow 2)
$$

64. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ gas passed in all the following test tube so that precipitation abserve so which is correct match :

$\mathrm{Cu}, \mathrm{Sb} \mathrm{Zn}, \mathrm{Cd}, \mathrm{Pb}, \mathrm{Sn}, \mathrm{Ni}$
(1) Cd - Black
(2) Sb - orange
(3) Ni - Yellow
(4) Zn - Brown

Ans. (2)
Sol. CuS $\longrightarrow$ black
Cds $\longrightarrow$ Yellow
Zns $\longrightarrow$ white
$\mathrm{SnS} \longrightarrow$ Brown
$\mathrm{Sb}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{3} \longrightarrow$ orange

Nis $\longrightarrow$ Black
65. Which contain at least one $\mathrm{e}^{-}$in $\sigma 2 p$ bonding MO
(1) $\mathrm{O}_{2}$
(2) $\mathrm{B}_{2}$
(3) $\mathrm{C}_{2}$
(4) $\mathrm{Li}_{2}$

Ans. (1)
Sol. Oxygen molecule $\left(O_{2}\right): O_{2}:(\sigma 1 s)^{2}\left(\sigma^{*} 1 s\right)^{2}(\sigma 2 s)^{2}\left(\sigma^{*} 2 s\right)^{2}\left(\sigma 2 p_{z}\right)^{2}\left(\pi 2 p_{x}^{2}=\pi 2 p_{y}^{2}\right)\left(\pi^{*} 2 p_{x}^{1}=\pi^{*} 2 p_{y}^{1}\right)$

$\mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{MO})$
M.O. Energy level diagram for $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ molecule
66. What is impact on benzene in magnetic field :
(1) Strong attract
(2) Weakly attract
(3) Strongly repel
(4) weak repel

Ans. (4)
Sol. It is diamagnetic substance so weakly repel.
67. Removal of charge from colloids :
(1) Peptizaiton
(2) Coagulation
(3) Dialysis
(4) Bredig arc method

Ans. (2)
Sol. Charge get neutralize by addition of some electrolyte called coagulation
68. In Alum : $\quad \mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4} \cdot \mathrm{Al}_{2}\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)_{3} .24 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

Which metal can replace Al
(1) Cr
(2) Mn
(3) In
(4) Sc

Ans. (1)

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Sol. $\quad \mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4} . \mathrm{Cr}_{2}\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)_{3} 24 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ chrome alum can form.
69. Rate of two reaction whose rate constants are $\mathrm{k}_{1} \& \mathrm{k}_{2}$ are equal at 300 k such that :

So calculate $\ell \frac{\mathrm{A}_{2}}{\mathrm{~A}_{1}}=$ ? $\quad \mathrm{Ea}_{2}-\mathrm{Ea}_{1}=2 \mathrm{RT}$,
(1) ln 4
(2) 2
(3) $\log 2$
(4) $2-\ell n 2$

Ans. (2)
Sol. In presence of catalyst :
$\log \frac{k_{2}}{k_{1}}=\log \frac{A_{2}}{A_{1}}+\frac{E a_{2}-E a_{1}}{2.3 R T}$
$\log 1=\log \frac{A_{2}}{A_{1}}-\frac{2 R T}{2.3 R T} \ln \frac{A_{2}}{A_{1}}=2$
70. Which of the following exhibit minimum number of oxidation states :
(1) Mn
(2) Np
(3) Th
(4) Cr

Ans. (3)
Sol. Thorium can show normally +3 oxidation state where as $\mathrm{Mn}, \mathrm{Cr}$ can show large no of O.S. Np also belong to $5 f$ series with variable O.S.
71. 0.1 mole, per litre solution present in conductivity cell where electrode of $100 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ area placed at 1 cm and resistance observe is $5 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{Ohm}$, what is molar conductivity of solution?
(1) $5 \times 10^{2} \mathrm{~S} \mathrm{~cm}^{2} \mathrm{~mole}^{-1}$
(2) $10^{4} \mathrm{~S} \mathrm{~cm}^{2} \mathrm{~mole}^{-1}$
(3) $200 \mathrm{~S} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ mole $^{-1}$
(4) $0.02 \mathrm{~S} \mathrm{~cm}^{2} \mathrm{~mole}^{-1}$

Ans. (4)
Sol. Molar conductivity $\Lambda_{\mathrm{m}}=\frac{\kappa \times 1000}{\mathrm{M}}$

$$
\mathrm{M}=\text { Molarity }
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\frac{2 \times 10^{-6} \times 1000}{0.1} & \kappa=\text { specific conductivity } \\
=\frac{2}{100} \mathrm{~cm}^{2} \mathrm{~mole}^{-1} & \kappa=\frac{1}{\mathrm{R}} \times \text { cell constant } \\
& =\frac{1}{\mathrm{R}} \times \frac{\ell}{\mathrm{A}} \\
& =\frac{1}{5 \times 10^{3} \Omega} \times \frac{1 \mathrm{~cm}}{100 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}} \\
& =2 \times 10^{-6} \Omega^{-1} \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}
\end{aligned}
$$

72. Mixture of two metals having mass $2 \mathrm{gm}(\mathrm{A}=15, \mathrm{~B}=30)$ and are bivalent and dissolve in HCl and evolve $2.24 \mathrm{~L} \mathrm{H}_{2}$ at STP. what is mass of A present in mixture?
(1) 1 gm
(2) 1.5 gm
(3) 0.5 gm
(4) 0.75 gm

Ans. (1)
Sol.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A }+2 \mathrm{HCl} \longrightarrow \mathrm{ACl}_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \\
& \text { mole }=\frac{x}{15} \\
& \mathrm{~B}+2 \mathrm{HCl} \longrightarrow \mathrm{BCl}_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \\
& \text { mole }=\frac{2-x}{30}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\text { Mole of } \mathrm{H}_{2}=\frac{\mathrm{x}}{15}+\frac{2-\mathrm{x}}{30}=\frac{2.24}{22.4}=\frac{1}{10}
$$

$$
\frac{x}{15}-\frac{x}{30}=\frac{1}{10}-\frac{1}{15}
$$

$$
x=1 \mathrm{gm}
$$

73. $\mathrm{A}+2 \mathrm{~B} \rightleftharpoons 2 \mathrm{C} \quad \mathrm{K}=$ ?

2 mole each $A$ and $B$ present in 10 It so that $C$ form is 1 mole, Calculate $K_{c}$
(1) 1.5
(2) 6.67
(3) 0.15
(4) 2.3

Asn. (2)
Sol.
initial mole
at equilibrium mole

|  |  | 2 C |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{A}+$ | 2 C | 2 |
| 2 | 2 | 0 |
| $2-x$ | $2-2 \mathrm{x}$ | 2 x |
| 1.5 | 1 | 1 |

C form 1 mole at equilibrium

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 x=1 \\
& x=1 / 2=0.5
\end{aligned}
$$

equilibrium conc.

$$
\frac{1.5}{10} \quad \frac{1}{10} \quad \frac{1}{10}
$$

$\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{c}}=\frac{[\mathrm{C}]^{2}}{[\mathrm{~A}][\mathrm{B}]^{2}}$

$$
=\frac{\left[\frac{1}{10}\right]^{2}}{\left[\frac{15}{10}\right]\left[\frac{1}{10}\right]^{2}}=6.67
$$

74. In vanderwaal equation at const temperature $300 \mathrm{~K}, \mathrm{a}=1.4{\mathrm{~atm} \mathrm{tt}^{2} \mathrm{~mole}^{-2}, \mathrm{v}=100 \mathrm{ml}, \mathrm{n}=1 \mathrm{~mole} \text {, }}^{\text {7 }}$ what is pressure of gas :
(1) 42 atm
(2) 210 atm
(3) 500 atm
(4) 106 atm

Ans. (4)
Sol. $\quad\left(P+\frac{a n^{2}}{V^{2}}\right)(V)=n R T$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \left(P+\frac{1.4}{(0.1)^{2}}\right)(0.1)=1 \times 0.082 \times 3600 \\
& (P+140) \times 0.1=4.6 \\
& 0.1 P+14=246 \\
& 0.1 P=10.6 \\
& P=106 \mathrm{~atm}
\end{aligned}
$$

75. For geometric isomers of 3-hexene :

(1) M.P. is high and dipole moment high for trans
(2) M.P. is low and dipole moment low for trans
(3) M.P. is high and dipole moment low for trans
(4) M.P. is low and dipole moment high for trans

Ans. (3)

\&

Trans - 3 - Hexene
$\mu=0$
C is -3 - Hexene
$\mu>0$

Sol.
M. P. of Trans isomer High than ci'slsomer.
76. Assertion : N,N-Diethylethanamine is more basic then N,N-Dimethylmethanamine

Reason : +I effect of ethyl is more then methyl
(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
(3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
(4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Asn. (1)

Sol.


N, N, Diethylethylomine

+ l effect of $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5}$ - group more than $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-$ group.

77. Assertion : Bakelite is formed when novolac heat with formaldehyde which is thermosetting polymer

Reason : Bakelite is infusible solid mass
(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
(3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
(4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Asn. (1)
78. Assertion : 2,4-Dimethyl hex-2-ene has 4 stereoisomer

Reason : It show geometrical isomerism
(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
(3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
(4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (4)
79. Assertion : Ortho nitro phenol is more acidic than meta nitro phenol

Reason : Ortho nitro phenol has more - l effect than meta nitro phenol
(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
(3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
(4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (2)
Sol. Ortho nitrophenol is more acidic than meta nitro phenol because at ortho position $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ group show -m effect but at meta, $-\mathrm{NO}_{2} \mathrm{gp}$ show only -l ether.
80. Assertion : Reverse current flows in charging of lead storage battery:

Reason : During charging $\mathrm{PbSO}_{4}$ convert into Pb and $\mathrm{PbO}_{2}$
(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
(3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
(4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (1)
81. Assertion : $\left[\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{+2} \longrightarrow\left[\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{+3}$ while converting, colour continuously changes.

Reason: CFSE is increases during change.
(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
(3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
(4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (2)
Sol. Oxidation state of Cr in $\left[\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{2+}$ is +2
Electronic configuration of $\mathrm{Cr}=(\mathrm{Ar})_{18} 4 \mathrm{~S}^{1} 3 \mathrm{~d}^{5}$
Electronic configuration of $\mathrm{Cr}^{2+}=(\mathrm{Ar})_{16} 3 \mathrm{~d}^{4}$

$$
\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \text { is } \mathrm{W} \text { \& } \mathrm{F} \text { ligand }
$$

CFSE value $=\left[-04 n_{2 g}+0.6 n_{\text {eg }}\right] \Delta 0+n P$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =[-0.4 \times 3+0.6 \times 1] \Delta_{0}+0 \\
& =-0.6 \Delta_{0}
\end{aligned}
$$

Oxidation state of Cr in $\left[\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{3+}$ is +3
Electronic configuration of $\mathrm{Cr}^{3+}=(\mathrm{Ar})_{18} 3 d^{3}$
CFSE value of $\left(\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{3+}=\left[-0.4{ }^{\mathrm{n}+2 \mathrm{~g}}+0.6 \mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{eg}}\right] \Delta_{0}+\mathrm{nP}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =[-0.4 \times 3+0] \Delta_{0}+0 \\
& =-1.2 \Delta_{0}
\end{aligned}
$$

CFSE does not effect colour rather $\Delta_{0}$ value can change colour.
82. Assertion: When ideal gas expand from $P_{1}, V_{1}, T_{1}$ to $P_{2}, V_{2}, T_{2}$ in two steps, and work done is high in which number of steps are high
Reason: Work is path function
(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
(3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
(4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (2)
83. Assertion : On passing electric current in colloidal solution they do not move towards anode or cathode.
Reason: They do not contain any charge
(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
(3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
(4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (4)
Sol. If no. of step increases, process Shift towards reversible process so work's increases
84. Assertion : $\mathrm{Pb}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ react with $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}$ and form $\mathrm{PbO}_{2}$

Reason:Lead is stable in +4 oxidation state.
(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
(3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
(4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (3)
Sol. $\mathrm{Pb}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4}+\mathrm{HNO}_{3} \longrightarrow \mathrm{PbO}_{2}$ (solid) $+\mathrm{Pb}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ but $\mathrm{Pb}^{+2}$ is more stable.
85. Assertion : N, N-Diethyl ethanamine is more basic the N, N-Dimethyl methanamine.

Reason : +l effect of ethyl group is more then methyl
(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
(3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
(4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (1)

86. Select the option with correct matching -

| A. | (i) | Mandible |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| B. |  | (ii) | Labrum |
| C. |  | (iii) | Labium |
| D. |  |  |  |

Option:
(1) A - (i), B - (ii), C- (iii), D - (iv), E- (v)
(2) $\mathrm{A}-$ (ii), $\mathrm{B}-$ (iii), $\mathrm{C}-$ (i), $\mathrm{D}-$ (iv), $\mathrm{E}-(\mathrm{v})$
(3) A - (v), B - (iii), C- (i), D - (ii), E- (iv)
(4) A - (v), B - (iii), C- (i), D - (iv), E- (ii)

Ans. (3)
87. Select the correct matching


Option:
(1) A - Tomato, B - Argemone, C- Dianthus, D - Sunflower
(2) A - Dianthus, B - Argemone, C- Tomato, D - Sunflower
(3) A - Tomato, B - Sunflower, C- Dianthus, D - Argemone
(4) A - Argemone, B - Tomato, C- Dianthus, D - Sunflower

Ans. (1)

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88. Which one of the following options correctly designate the per cent contribution of gases (A, B, C and D) responsible of global warming?


|  | A | B | C | D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(1)$ | $\mathrm{CH}_{4}(20 \%)$ | $\mathrm{CFCs}(14 \%)$ | $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}(6 \%)$ | $\mathrm{CO}_{2}(60 \%)$ |
| $(2)$ | $\mathrm{CFCs}_{\mathrm{s}}(20 \%)$ | $\mathrm{CO}_{2}(14 \%)$ | $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}(6 \%)$ | $\mathrm{CH}_{4}(60 \%)$ |
| $(3)$ | $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}(20 \%)$ | $\mathrm{CH}_{4}(14 \%)$ | $\mathrm{CFCs}(6 \%)$ | $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ (60\%) |
| $(4)$ | $\mathrm{CH}_{4}(20 \%)$ | $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}(14 \%)$ | $\mathrm{CFCs}(6 \%)$ | $\mathrm{CO}_{2}(60 \%)$ |

Ans. (1)
89. Match column-I to the column-II and select the option having correct matching -

| Column-I |  | Column-II |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | Bacteriophage $\lambda$ | i | 5386 nucleotides |
| B | E. coli | ii | $3.3 \times 10^{9} \mathrm{bp}$ |
| C | Human genome | iii | $4.6 \times 10^{6} \mathrm{bp}$ |
| D | $\phi \times 174$ | iv | 48502 bp |

(1) A - (iv), B - (iii), C- (ii), D - (i)
(2) A - (iii), B - (ii), C- (i), D - (iv)
(3) A - (iv), B - (iii), C- (i), D - (ii)
(4) A - (iv), B - (i), C- (ii), D - (iii)

Ans. (1)
90. Which of the following option is correct?

| $(1)$ | Osteichthyes | 4 pairs of gill slits covered by operculum |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $(2)$ | Chondrichthyes | 6 -15 pairs of gill slits |
| $(3)$ | Arthropoda | Metamerism and excretion by nephridia |
| $(4)$ | Platyhelminthes | Bilateral symmetry \& coelomate e.g., Taenia <br> and Fasciola |

Ans. (1)
91. Identify the given diagram and its effect?

(1) Cannabinoid - Effects cardiovascular function
(2) Morphine - CNS depressant
(3) Cocaine - Euphoria
(4) Smack - Psychedelic effect

Ans. (1)
92. Choose the correct option-
(1) Macropus - hair on skin \& pinna present
(2) Pleurobrachia - Cnidoblast
(3) Pristis - Gitar fish
(4) Scoliodon - Cat fish

Ans. (1)
93. Synthesis of lipids \& carbohydrates is regulated by-
(1) SER
(2) RER
(3) Ribosomes
(4) Lysosomes

Ans. (1)
94. Choose the incorrect about mitochondria -
(1) Has 80S ribosome
(2) Naked circular DNA
(3) ETS on inner mitochondrial membrane
(4) Power house of the cell

Ans. (1)
95. Where does glycosylation of protein occur?
(1) Endoplasmic reticulum
(2) Lysosomes
(3) Mitochondria
(4) Chloroplast

Ans. (1)
96. Hormone secreted by $\alpha$-cells of Pancreas?
(1) Insulin
(2) Glucagon
(3) Somatocrinin
(4) Somatostatin

Ans. (2)
97. Which of the following hormones coordinate with each other to maintain ideal blood Ca level?
(1) Thyrocalcitonin and glucagon
(2) Parathyroid hormone and cortisol
(3) Thyrocalcitonin and Thyroxin
(4) Thyrocalcitonin and Parathyroid hormone

Ans. (4)
98. Weakness of muscles \& bones in elderly occurs due to deficiency of-
(1) Vitamin D
(2) Vitamin C
(3) Vitamin B complex
(4) Vitamin A

Ans. (1)
99. Which of the following correctly assigns the codons for glycine ?
(1) GGG, GGC, GGA
(2) AAA, AAG, AAC
(3) AUG, AUA, AUC
(4) CCC, CCG, CGA

Ans. (1)
100. Small pox has been eradicated from world -
(1) Due to active vaccination against small pox on large scale
(2) Due to auto immunity developed by us
(3) Due to discovery of vaccine long ago
(4) injectable salk vaccine for small pox was easily available

Ans. (1)
101. Albuminous seeds are found in-
(1) Pea, Groundnut, Castor
(2) Castor, Sunflower, Barley
(3) Wheat, Barley, Castor
(4) Pea, Groundnut, Sunflower

Ans. (3)
102. Where are Hot Spots of biodiversity in India?
(1) Western ghats, Eastern ghats, Indo Burma
(2) Indo Burma, Eastern ghats and Sri Lanka Himalayas
(3) Western ghats \& Sri Lanka, Indo Burma and Himalaya
(4) Eastern ghats \& Sri Lanka, Indo Burma

Ans. (3)
103. Choose the correct match :
(1) Aves - Pneumatic bones
(2) Reptiles - 4 chambers heart
(3) Amphibia - Scales on body
(4) Osteichtyes - Perisistant notochord

Ans. (1)
104. Uric acid forms in body by :
(1) Phospholipid
(2) Glucose
(3) DNA
(4) RNA

Ans. (3)
105. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ combines with Hb to form :
(1) Carbaminohaemoglobin
(2) Carboxy haemoglobin
(3) Oxyhaemoglobin
(4) Methaemoglobin

Ans. (1)
106. Most important hormone in post ovulatory phase :
(1) Progesterone
(2) estrogen
(3) HCG
(4) FSH

Ans. (1)
107. Which of the following is wrong about ethylene.
(1) Inhibit growth of root
(2) Ripening of fruits
(3) Elongation of stem in paddy
(4) Promote senescence of leaves \& flowers

Ans. (1)
108. Which of the following is correct
(1) Macropus- Ear pinna, body hairs, 4 chambered heart
(2) Pavo-Long bones ossified, fore limbs modified to wings
(3) Ichthyophis-covering on eyelids, Scales present
(4) Limulus-chitinous exoskeleton, 3 pair of legs

Ans. (1)
109. Which among the following belong to same phyla?
(1) Physalia, obelia, Pleurobranchia - Coelenterata
(2) Bombyx, Palaemon, Limulus - Arthropoda
(3) Star fish, jelly fish, Sea urchin - Echinodermata
(4) Cuttle fish, devil fish, Patella - mollusca

Ans. (2)
110. Which of the following statement confirm the law of dominance
(1) $3: 1$ ratio in $\mathrm{F}_{2}$ generation
(2) It is the conclusion of a dihybrid cross
(3) Alleles do not show any blending and both characters recovered as such in $F_{2}$ generation
(4) Alleles of a pair segregate from each other such that gamete receives only one of the two factors

Ans. (1)
111. Characteristics of cancer is
(1) All tumors are cancers
(2) Cancers show metastasis
(3) Cancerous cells show property of contact inhibition
(4) All viruses are oncogenic

Ans. (2)
112. To obtain seedless watermelon, which among the following method is followed:
(1) Apomixis
(2) Somatic hybridization
(3) Organogenesis
(4) Micropropagation

Ans. (2)
113. Which among the following belong to Auxin?
(1) IAA, IBA, CK
(2) $\mathrm{GA}_{3}, 2,4-\mathrm{D}, \mathrm{IAA}$
(3) IAA, IBA, NAA
(4) $2,4-\mathrm{D}, \mathrm{IAA}, \mathrm{ABA}$

Ans. (3)
114. Assertion: Alleles can transmit from parents to progeny without variations.

Reason: Alleles of different genes could be linked.
(1) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$.
(2) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not correct explanation of $A$
(3) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(4) $A$ and $R$ are false

Ans. (2)
115. Assertion : $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ diffuses only from tissue to alveoli and not in reverse direction.

Reason: $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ is 10 times more soluble than $\mathrm{O}_{2}$
(1) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$.
(2) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not correct explanation of $A$
(3) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(4) $A$ and $R$ are false

Ans. (3)
116. Assertion : Trichoderma used as biocontrol agents.

Reason : Bacculoviruses also used as biocontrol agent
(1) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$.
(2) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not correct explanation of $A$
(3) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(4) $A$ and $R$ are false

Ans. (2)
117. Assertion : Nucleopolyhedrovirus used as biocontrol agent

Reason : It kills insects and pests
(1) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$.
(2) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not correct explanation of $A$
(3) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(4) $A$ and $R$ are false

Ans. (1)
118. Assertion : Agrobacterium tumefaciencs causes crown gall tumor in plants.

Reason : E.coli can't transfer DNA in plants.
(1) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$.
(2) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not correct explanation of $A$
(3) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(4) $A$ and $R$ are false

Ans. (2)
119. Assertion : Sequoia is longest tree among Gymnosperms.

Reason : All members of lycopsida are homosporous.
(1) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$.
(2) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not correct explanation of $A$
(3) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(4) $A$ and $R$ are false

Ans. (3)
120. Assertion : Pavlov has improtant contribution in study of digestion.

Reason : Pavlov discovered that salivation occurs when food is placed in front of us.
(1) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$.
(2) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not correct explanation of $A$
(3) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(4) $A$ and $R$ are false

Ans. (4)
121. Assertion : Dark reaction of photosynthesis uses ATP and NADPH 2

Reason : Dark reaction takes place in absence of light.
(1) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$.
(2) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not correct explanation of $A$
(3) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(4) $A$ and $R$ are false

Ans. (3)
122. Assertion : Fermentation occurs by incomplete oxidation of glucose.

Reason : Yeast form ethanol \& $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ from pyruvic acid.
(1) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$.
(2) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not correct explanation of $A$
(3) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(4) $A$ and $R$ are false

Ans. (2)
123. Assertion : Mitochondria are absent in RBC.

Reason : RBC form ATP by glycolysis.
(1) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$.
(2) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not correct explanation of $A$
(3) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(4) $A$ and $R$ are false

Ans. (2)
124. Assertion : Most of the enzymes of oxidative decarboxylation are present in mitochondrial matrix.

Reason: ETS operates on inner membrane of mitochondria
(1) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$.
(2) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not correct explanation of $A$
(3) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(4) $A$ and $R$ are false

Ans. (2)
125. Assertion : Kidney transplant from a non-matching donor gets rejected.

Reason : Cell mediated immunity mediated by B-lymphocytes reject it.
(1) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$.
(2) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not correct explanation of $A$
(3) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(4) $A$ and $R$ are false

Ans. (3)
126. Assertion : Sonalika \& Kalyan sona are high yielding varieties of wheat.

Reason : They are developed by IARI.
(1) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$.
(2) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not correct explanation of $A$
(3) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(4) $A$ and $R$ are false

Ans. (2)
127. Assertion : Monocytes constitute only 6-8\% of WBCs but are very essential

Reason: These are phagocytic cells.
(1) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$.
(2) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not correct explanation of $A$
(3) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(4) $A$ and $R$ are false

## Ans (1)

128. Assertion : Taenia solium \& Fasciola belong to Platyhelminthes.

Reason: Platyhelminthes are coelomates
(1) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$.
(2) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not correct explanation of $A$
(3) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(4) $A$ and $R$ are false

## Ans (3)

129. Assertion : Phytoplankton, algae \& higher plants are chief producers in pond ecosystem.

Reason : Many algae are responsible for production of ethanol.
(1) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$.
(2) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not correct explanation of $A$
(3) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(4) $A$ and $R$ are false

Ans (2)
130. Assertion : Gonorrhoea is a dreaded disease.

Reason : Cannot be completely cured even if diagnosed at early stage.
(1) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$.
(2) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not correct explanation of $A$
(3) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(4) $A$ and $R$ are false

## Ans (4)

131. Assertion : During pregnancy, development of foetus occurs in stages.

Reason: In second month of pregnancy, limbs, most of the organs and external genitalia are formed.
(1) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$.
(2) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not correct explanation of $A$
(3) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(4) $A$ and $R$ are false

## Ans (3)

132. Assertion: Deficiency of vitamin D causes bone weakness

Reason : Cholecalciferol is synthesised in skin by the action of sunlight
(1) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$.
(2) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not correct explanation of $A$
(3) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(4) $A$ and $R$ are false

Ans (2)

## PART - D (GK + MENTAL ABILITY)

133. Who is the chief justice of India?

Ans. Deepak Mishra
134. What is the full form of IRCTC?

Ans. Indian Railways Caters of \& Tourism Corporation.
135. What is the full form of SIM?

Ans. Subscriber identity module.
136.


Ans.

137. We have total 1700 Rs. A has got 5 times of $C \& 2$ times of $B$, then how much money does $A$ have?

Sol. $C=x$
$x+5 x+2.5 x=1700$
$A=5 x$
$8.5 x=1700$
$B=2.5 x$
$x=\frac{17000}{8.5}=200$
$A=5 \times 200=1000$
$C=200 \quad B=500$
138. Where is the Headquarter of United Nations ?

Ans. New York
139. What is the name of the yacht on which Six women naval officers completed their journey around the world?
Ans. TARINI
140. Find the Odd One Out.
(1) ||
(2)

(3)

(4) $\square$

Ans. (3)
141. Find the Odd One Out.
(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)


Ans. (4)
142. Put these cities in a proper sequencing

Srinagar ..............Bangalore ..............Mumbai $\qquad$ .Bhopal $\qquad$ .Delhi
Ans. Srinagar, Delhi, Bhopal, Mumbai, Bangalore
143. What is the full form of PIN in postal system ?

Ans. Postal Index Number
144. Establish the relation...


Ans. North Korea
145. Advertisers are charged more money for their ads by the Channels during IPL.

1. More Viewers watch the TV during IPL
2. Advertisers are ready to pay more money during IPL
(1) Only 1
(2) Only 2
(3) 1 and 2 both
(4) Both are not correct

Ans. (3)
146. There are 5 friends in a group. One more friend joins them \& the average weight of the group increases. If you have to find the weight of the $6^{\text {th }}$ Friend then.

1. $\quad 6^{\text {th }}$ friend increases the average weight by $10 \%$ \& the new average weight if 66 Kgs .
2. Average weight increases by 6 Kgs.
(1) Only 1 is required
(2) only 2 is required
(3) 1 and 2 both required
(4) Can't be determined.

Ans. (1)
147. Male, Female, Transgender and children visit a hospital on a daily basis. Transgender number are constant on each day. See the graph below \& find the day on which the maximum children visited the hospital?


Ans. Friday
148. The Price of 2 Tables is equal to price of 5 chairs. If a person purchases 10 Chairs $\& 10$ Tables in Rs. $7000 /$ - then find out the price of 2 chairs $\& 4$ tables.
Sol. Given $2 \mathrm{~T}=5 \mathrm{C}$
Given $10 T+10 \mathrm{C}=7000$
Since $2 T=5 C$ then 10 C will be equal to $4 T$
Now 10T $+4 \mathrm{~T}=7000$
$14 \mathrm{~T}=7000$
$\mathrm{T}=7000 / 14$
$\mathrm{T}=500$
Since $2 \mathrm{~T}=5 \mathrm{C}$
Then $2 \times 500=5 \mathrm{C}$
$\mathrm{C}=1000 / 5$
$\mathrm{C}=200$
Total Price of 2 Chairs (C) and 4 Tables (T) will be $2 \times 200+4 \times 500=2400 /$-.
149.

(1)

(2)

(3)
(4)

Ans. (2)

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